1 2 3 4	Olu K. Orange, Esq. [S. B. #213653] ORANGE LAW OFFICES 3435 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 2910 Los Angeles, California 90010 Telephone: (213) 736-9900 Facsimile: (213) 417-8800 Email: o.orange@orangelawoffices.com		
5 6 7 8 9 10	Dan Stormer, Esq. [S.B. # 101967] Shaleen Shanbhag, Esq. [S.B. #301047] HADSELL STORMER & RENICK LLP 128 N. Fair Oaks Avenue Pasadena, California 91103 Telephone: (626) 585-9600 Facsimile: (626) 577-7079 Emails: dstormer@hadsellstormer.com sshanbhag@hadsellstormer.com		
11	Attorneys for Plaintiff		
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13	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
14	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
15	ANASTASIA MARTINEZ,	CASE NO. CV22-06589 DSF (AFM)	
16	Plaintiff,	FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT	
17	,	FOR DAMAGES	
18	V.		
19	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, DANNY BANUELOS, ALEX	1. VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS	
20	DANNY BANUELUS, ALEX	42 U.S.C. § 1983 (Fourth	
2.1	VILLANUEVA, CALIFORNIA COMMERCE CLUB, INC. and DOES	Amendment) 2. VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS	
21	VILLANUEVA, CALIFORNIA COMMERCE CLUB, INC. and DOES 1 through 10,	Amendment) 2. VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (Fourteenth Amendment)	
22	VILLANUEVA, CALIFORNIA COMMERCE CLUB, INC. and DOES	Amendment) 2. VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (Fourteenth Amendment) 3. VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS 42 U.S.C. §§ 1983, 1988	
22 23	VILLANUEVA, CALIFORNIA COMMERCE CLUB, INC. and DOES 1 through 10,	Amendment) 2. VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (Fourteenth Amendment) 3. VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS 42 U.S.C. §§ 1983, 1988 (Conspiracy) 4. VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS	
22 23 24	VILLANUEVA, CALIFORNIA COMMERCE CLUB, INC. and DOES 1 through 10,	Amendment) 2. VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (Fourteenth Amendment) 3. VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS 42 U.S.C. §§ 1983, 1988 (Conspiracy) 4. VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (Municipal	
22 23 24 25	VILLANUEVA, CALIFORNIA COMMERCE CLUB, INC. and DOES 1 through 10,	Amendment) 2. VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (Fourteenth Amendment) 3. VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS 42 U.S.C. §§ 1983, 1988 (Conspiracy) 4. VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (Municipal Liability—Monell) 5. VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS	
22 23 24 25 26	VILLANUEVA, CALIFORNIA COMMERCE CLUB, INC. and DOES 1 through 10,	Amendment) 2. VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (Fourteenth Amendment) 3. VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS 42 U.S.C. § 1983, 1988 (Conspiracy) 4. VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (Municipal Liability—Monell) 5. VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (Municipal and Supervisory Liability—Larez)	
22 23 24 25	VILLANUEVA, CALIFORNIA COMMERCE CLUB, INC. and DOES 1 through 10,	Amendment) 2. VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (Fourteenth Amendment) 3. VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS 42 U.S.C. § 1983, 1988 (Conspiracy) 4. VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (Municipal Liability—Monell) 5. VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (Municipal and	

1 (Supplemental Jurisdiction) 2 Bane Act (Cal. Civ. Code §52.1) 3 Gender Violence (Cal. Civ. Code §52.4) 4 exuál Battery (Cal. Civ. Code 8. (1708.5) 5 6 11. Cal Pen Code §679.02 (tort-inessence) 12. Cal Pen Code §680 (tort-in-essence)
13. Cal Civ Code §43 (violation of personal rights) 8 14. Negligence (Cal Civ Code §§ 1714 9 and 3333) 15. Civil Conspiracy 10 11 JURY DEMAND 12 13

PLAINTIFF ALLEGES AS FOLLOWS:

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This is a complaint for damages based upon federal and state civil rights violations and torts committed by the Defendant County of Los Angeles and its respective officials, uniformed peace officers, employees, and/or agents – as well as commercial hotel operator and employee defendants. This case is brought pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §§ 1983 and 1988 – as well as various other federal and state laws.

JURISDICTION

1. Plaintiff brings this case pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §§ 1983 and 1988. Jurisdiction is based upon 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1343 (1–4). Supplemental jurisdiction exists over the state claims and Defendants pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367. Plaintiff has timely satisfied the Tort Claims Act as to California state law claims made herein.

VENUE

First Amended Complaint for Damages

2. The claims alleged herein arose from events or omissions that occurred in the County of Los Angeles. Therefore, venue lies in the Central District of California pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2).

PARTIES

Plaintiff

3. Plaintiff Anastasia Martinez, was a resident and private citizen of the State of California at all times material to this Complaint.

Defendants

- 4. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereupon alleges that Defendant DANNY BANUELOS ("Defendant Banuelos") was at all times material herein acting under color of law within the course and scope of his employment and office as a law enforcement officer and Sheriff's Deputy of the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department ("LASD"). He is being sued individually and in his official capacity.
- 5. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereupon alleges that Defendant ALEX VILLANUEVA ("Defendant Sheriff") was at all times material herein acting under color of law within the course and scope of his employment and office as a law enforcement officer and Sheriff of Los Angeles County. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity.
- 6. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereupon alleges that Defendant COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES ("Defendant County") is a duly constituted governmental entity in the State of California, and is, or was at all times material herein, the employer of all Defendant Sheriff's Deputies, who are all sued in their individual and official capacities, Defendant DOES 3 through 5.
- 7. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereupon alleges that Doe Defendant Two is a duly registered corporate and/or business entity in the State of California,

- and is or was at all times material herein, an employer of one, or all, of Defendant DOES 6 through 8.
 - 8. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereupon alleges that Defendant CALIFORNIA COMMERCE CLUB, INC. ("Defendant Casino") owns and/or operates the Crowne Plaza Commerce Casino & Hotel, located on Telegraph Road in Commerce California, and is a duly registered corporate and/or business entity in the State of California, and is or was at all times material herein, an employer of one, or all, of Defendant DOES 6 through 8.
 - 9. The identities, capacities, and/or or nature of involvement of Defendant DOES 1 through 10 ("Doe Defendants") are presently unknown to Plaintiff. Plaintiff therefore sues such persons using "Does" as fictitiously-named defendants. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereupon allege that there is likely to be evidentiary support to prove that each Doe Defendant was involved in some manner and legally responsible for the acts, omissions, and/or breaches of duty alleged below. Plaintiff will amend the Complaint to name the Doe Defendants upon learning their true identities and roles in the actions complained of herein.
 - 10. All of the facts, acts, omissions, events, and circumstances herein mentioned and described occurred in the County of Los Angeles, State of California, and the corporate, business and/or entity Defendants, and each of them, are residents of the County of Los Angeles, State of California, and/or have their principal place of business in said County and State, and/or are doing business in said County and State.
 - 11. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereupon alleges that all Sheriff's Deputy Does, including Defendant Banuelos, were employed by Defendant County and were, at all times relevant and material to this Complaint, acting within the course and scope of their employment duties for Defendant County, and under color of law. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereupon alleges that each of the individual Defendants' acts were known to, discovered by, approved by,

- and/or ratified by Defendant County, by and through their policy makers, decision makers, officials, officers, and/or supervisors and applicable Doe Defendants.
- 12. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereupon alleges that Doe Defendants 6 through 8, at all times relevant and material to this Complaint, were acting within the course and scope of their employment duties for COMMERCE CASINO and/or Doe Defendant Two, under color of law. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereupon alleges that each of the individual Doe Defendants' acts were known to, discovered by, approved by, and/or ratified by COMMERCE CASINO and/or Doe Defendant Two, by and through policy makers, decision makers, officers, and/or supervisors, including applicable Doe Defendants.
- 13. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereupon alleges that officials, supervisors, policy makers, and other individuals with the authority to set or modify municipal and/or departmental policy, *de jure* or *de facto*, of Defendant County and/or Doe Defendants, participated in, approved of, ratified, and/or failed to prevent the acts by Defendant Banuelos and Doe Deputy Defendants of which Plaintiff complains herein.
- 14. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereupon alleges that at all times herein mentioned, each of the Defendants—including officials, supervisors, watch commanders, and other policy makers from Defendant County and/or Doe Defendants and their agents—was the agent, employee, or co-conspirator of one other, some, or all of their Co-Defendants. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereupon alleges that each of the Defendants, acting individually and/or in concert with each other, engaged in a common plan to violate Plaintiff's rights to privacy, security in person and effects, freedom from excessive force, freedom from unreasonable seizures, and due process of law, among others described herein as well as assault and sexually batter Plaintiff and conceal and cover-up all Defendants' violations, failures and misdoings so as to obstruct

Plaintiff in her pursuit of justice and accountability. In doing each and all of the things herein mentioned, or neglecting or intentionally failing to rectify said misconduct, each and all Defendants were acting pursuant to a *de facto* policy and within the scope of such agency, employment, and conspiracy and with full permission, knowledge, approval, ratification, and support of each other.

FACTS COMMON TO ALL CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

The Sexual Battery of Plaintiff Anastasia Martinez

 15. Plaintiff, Anastasia Martinez, is a young mother of two minor children and resident of Los Angeles County, in California.

16. Plaintiff was harmed when she was wrongfully and unlawfully detained, assaulted, sexually battered, left unprotected and taken advantage of by employees, deputies and/or agents (hereafter "deputies") of Defendant County and employees of Defendant Casino on or about August 14, 2021 (hereafter "date of the incident"), at the Crowne Plaza Commerce Casino & Hotel (the

"hotel"), on Telegraph Road in Commerce, California.

17. Just before midnight on the date of the incident and/or in the early morning hours on the day thereafter, the deputies responded to a call for service at the hotel following an altercation between Plaintiff and her boyfriend who both had multiple alcoholic beverages. Plaintiff's boyfriend left the hotel before the deputies arrived.

18. While taking an incident report, the deputies obtained Plaintiff's personal information, her contact information, and her trust. The deputies accompanied Plaintiff to the front desk of the hotel and helped her obtain a new key for her hotel room. Following obtaining Plaintiff's information and trust, the deputies left the hotel. Plaintiff stayed in her hotel room.

- 19. After the deputies left the hotel, Defendant Banuelos, called Plaintiff's cell phone under the guise of asking if he could come back to her hotel room to check on her well-being. Plaintiff thought the call from Defendant Banuelos was unusual, but she agreed that Defendant Banuelos could return to check on her well-being because the deputies gained her trust.
- 20. Defendant Banuelos returned to Defendant Casino's hotel, were Defendant Casino provided inadequate security by one of its employees showing and accompanying Defendant Banuelos to Plaintiff's hotel room door. Defendant Casino was aware of Plaintiff's intoxicated and vulnerable condition and knew there was no further or additional call for service related to Plaintiff.
- 21. Defendant Banuelos arrived at Plaintiff's hotel room door on duty and dressed in his full uniform, including his badge and gun. When Plaintiff opened the door, Defendant Banuelos assertively stepped into her room and checked around corners making sure no one else was there. After Plaintiff sat down and expected Defendant Banuelos would discuss her well-being with her Defendant Banuelos exposed his penis in an effort to obtain oral sex from Plaintiff. Plaintiff, being in fear for her safety if she did not engage in the oral sex act, engaged in oral sex with Defendant Banuelos upon his penis. Plaintiff did not want to engage in oral sex with Defendant Banuelos, but felt she was not free to leave and had no choice.¹

¹ "Police officers occupy a unique position of trust in our society They are given the authority to detain and to arrest and, when necessary, to use deadly force. As visible symbols of that formidable power, an officer is furnished a distinctively marked car, a uniform, a badge, and a gun. Those who challenge an officer's actions do so at their peril." *Mary M. v. City of L.A.*, 54 Cal. 3d 202, 206 (1991).

- During the coerced oral sex act, Defendant Banuelos caused his penis to touch Plaintiff's face and mouth and enter her mouth.
 - 23. During and after the coerced oral sex act, Plaintiff was extremely fearful, nervous, disoriented, in shock, and distraught. She called her mother and best friend to seek guidance and comfort.
 - 24. Because Defendant Banuelos called Plaintiff's cell phone, Defendant Banuelos' phone number was known to Plaintiff and she gave it to her mother. Plaintiff's mother angrily called Defendant Banuelos to question him about sexually assaulting her daughter and promise to hold him accountable. On the call, Defendant Banuelos slyly responded to Plaintiff's mother "good luck."
 - 25. Hours later, Plaintiff was taken to the hospital for a rape kit. Plaintiff and her mother made a personnel complaint against Defendant Banuelos with LASD. Three LASD deputies obtained a statement from Plaintiff regarding the sexual assault. They informed Plaintiff that the hotel cameras showed Defendant Banuelos reentering the hotel on two separate occasions in the early morning hours on the date of the incident.
 - 26. Since the incident, Plaintiff, her advocates and her counsel, on several occasions have requested that Defendant County of Los Angeles provide Plaintiff with Defendant Banuelos' name so as to enable Plaintiff to properly pursue justice for the violation of her civil rights as well as to be able to effectively report the crime that was committed against her and avail herself of the rights afforded victims of such crimes.
 - 27. Plaintiff also sought Defendant Banuelos' name as part of her process of mentally and emotionally working through the extreme despair and distress the incident has caused her.

- 28. LASD personnel, agents and employees of Defendant County, were on multiple occasions throughout September, October and November of 2021, and throughout 2022 asked by Plaintiff and her representatives for the identity of the deputy who assaulted Plaintiff during phone calls and at multiple locations, including but not limited to, at the U.S. Federal Bureau of Investigation's (FBI) West Los Angeles offices and the LASD Internal Criminal Investigation offices (with FBI agent and Deputy District Attorney present). On every such occasion, LASD refused to disclose to Plaintiff the name of the law enforcement officer who violated her rights and committed the sex crime against her. After the filing of the instant lawsuit, LASD's newly engaged defense counsel disclosed Danny Banuelos as the identity of the deputy who Plaintiff alleges committed the assault during the November 28, 2022 Rule 26 meeting between counsel for the parties.
- 29. The conduct by agents and employees of the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department beginning with the sex crime against Plaintiff, the violation of her rights, and the subsequent intentional concealment of the identity of Defendant Banuelos to frustrate, interfere with and prevent Plaintiff's efforts to secure justice and due process of law are outrageous, shocking to the conscience, unlawful, conspiratorial and committed in whole or in part with the express design to limit the County of Los Angeles' liability for civil rights violations and keep the County of Los Angeles and its officials from suffering public humiliation and ridicule for their inability and/or unwillingness to prevent unlawful acts by their own law enforcement officers.
- 30. Further, the conduct by agents and employees of the County of Los Angeles evinces a clear and unlawful difference in treatment of persons who are victims of crimes and sex crimes committed by law enforcement officers as opposed

- to victims who suffer at the hands of non-law enforcement officer perpetrators. A crime is a crime. NO ONE IS ABOVE THE LAW.
- 31. Plaintiff did nothing to justify the shocking, unlawful and reprehensible action taken against her by the LA County personnel described herein. Consequently, each such person's actions under the presented circumstances were excessive, unlawful, malicious, oppressive, and with a deliberate indifference to Plaintiff's rights, justifying the imposition of punitive damages. Further, the government agents, and each of them, acted individually, and agreed, conspired and acted in concert with each other to injure Plaintiff, violate her civil rights and/or conceal evidence thereof. Moreover, several unidentified agents, employees, supervisors, officials and/or policy makers of the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department approved of, enabled, failed to prevent and/or ratified all of the conduct complained of herein.
- 32. Plaintiff did nothing to justify, authorize, excuse or in any way make lawful Defendant Casino's agents' and employees' failures to protect her and breaches of duty as described throughout this lawsuit.
- 33. Plaintiff endured, and continues to endure, substantial pain and suffering due to the acts and omissions of all defendants, and each of them.

CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS (42 U.S.C. § 1983)

Fourth Amendment (Unlawful Seizure)

By Plaintiff Against Defendants County and Banuelos

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- 34. Plaintiff incorporates all paragraphs of this Complaint, as though fully set forth herein.
- 35. This cause of action arises under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, wherein Plaintiff seeks to redress a deprivation under color of law of a right, privilege, or immunity secured to persons by the Fourth Amendment to the United States Constitution.
- 36. The Fourth Amendment protects persons from unreasonable searches and seizures, including the use of excessive force.
 - The unlawful seizure of Plaintiff by Defendant Banuelos was accomplished under the guise of continuing efforts related to the incident for which Defendant Banuelos originally encountered Plaintiff. The seizure of Plaintiff was accomplished via Defendant Banuelos' show of authority as a law enforcement officer displaying his gun, uniform, badge (and later his penis) during his presence which he initially claimed was for a law enforcement purpose. Plaintiff was reasonably fearful for her safety and did not feel free to leave because she was within the confines of her hotel room, alone with Defendant Banuelos displaying his uniform, badge, gun and ... penis. Defendant Banuelos' seizure of Plaintiff was without lawful basis, reasonable suspicion, probable cause, or warrant, or any recognized exceptions thereto, or justification or excuse, and was thus unreasonable and in violation of Plaintiff's Fourth Amendment rights. It is has long been the case that a law enforcement officer's desire to display his penis and have sexual gratification is not a sufficient legal basis for a seizure in America.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS (42 U.S.C. § 1983)

Fourteenth Amendment (Due Process)

By Plaintiff Against Defendants County, Sheriff, Defendant Banuelos, and DOES

1 2 38. Plaintiff incorporates all paragraphs of this Complaint, as though fully set forth 3 herein. 4 39. This cause of action arises under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, wherein Plaintiff seeks to 5 redress a deprivation under color of law of a right, privilege, or immunity 6 secured to persons by the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States 7 Constitution. 8 The Fourteenth Amendment guarantees Plaintiff substantive and procedural due 40. process of law. Defendants' actions complained of herein were violations of 10 both guarantees of due process. 11 The Display of the Penis and Coerced Sex Act 12 13 While In Uniform 14 15 41. Defendant Banuelos, an officer of the law, used his position and authority as a 16 government agent to victimize and coerce sex from a highly intoxicated young 17 woman he encountered under the auspices of a service call. 18 42. Later, when confronted by his victim's mother about being held accountable, 19 Defendant Banuelos told her mother "good luck." 20 43. Defendant Banuelos' uniformed display of his penis, coercion of sex, and 21 taunting of his victim's mother are all outrageous government conduct. 22 44. The collaboration and agreement and by Doe Deputies is also outrageous (see 23 infra). 24 25 The Cover-Up by the Sheriff and County 26

Defendant Banuelos' outrageous conduct is compounded and made worse by the

conduct of Defendant Sheriff and Defendant County's concealment of

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Defendant Banuelos' identity before the filing of this federal lawsuit. Concealing

Defendant Banuelos' identity impedes and prevents Plaintiff from healing and

3 working through emotional and psychological trauma from the incident, and 4 obstructs her pursuit of accountability for his unlawful conduct. 5 Defendant Sheriff's and Defendant County's conduct of concealment is 46. 6 outrageous government conduct 7 47. The complained of acts of Defendants were beyond the bounds of acts tolerable 8 in a civilized society, and so egregious and outrageous that they may fairly be said to shock the contemporary conscience. 9 10 48. Plaintiff specifically alleges that Defendants' complained of acts and/or 11 omissions, were within each of their control, and within the feasibility of each of them, to alter, adjust, and/or correct so as to prevent some or all of the 12 unlawful acts and injury complained of herein by Plaintiff. 13 14 15 16 THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF 17 VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS (42 U.S.C. §§ 1983, 1988) **Conspiracy to Violate Civil Rights** 18 19 By Plaintiff Against All Defendants and DOES 20 21 The Collaboration Plaintiff incorporates all paragraphs of this Complaint, as though fully set forth 22 49. 23 herein. This cause of action arises under 42 U.S.C. §§ 1983 and 1988, wherein Plaintiff 24 50. 25 seeks to redress a deprivation under color of law of a right, privilege or immunity 26 secured by the United States Constitution. Defendants and DOES and each of them, acted as described herein, in 27 51. 28 conspiracy with, and with the agreement, permission, ratification, and approval

- of, each other to violate Plaintiff's civil rights afforded under the United States Constitution.
- 52. Plaintiff is informed, believes and alleges that each of the deputies who responded to the call for service and were present at her hotel room observed her intoxicated and vulnerable state of being. The deputies, and each of them, then all communicated, collaborated, planned and selected one of them to return to Plaintiff's hotel room and have sex with Plaintiff. Defendant Banuelos is the deputy all the deputies jointly agreed upon, selected and assisted.
- 53. Plaintiff is informed, believes and alleges that upon his return to Defendant Casino's premises, Defendant Banuelos collaborated with one or more of Defendant Casino's employees and/or agents to find, be escorted to, and gain entry to Plaintiff's hotel room under the false pretense of checking on Plaintiff's well-being.

The Cover-Up

- 54. Plaintiff is informed, believes and alleges that all the denials of all of Plaintiff's requests to know the identity of the deputy who assaulted her were the result of a concerted plan and agreement between various employees and officials of Defendant County to frustrate, flummox and foil Plaintiff's efforts to seek and obtain justice and accountability for the wrongdoing wrought upon her by defendants and each of them.
- 55. Plaintiff is informed, believes and alleges that Defendant County and its officials and employees, including Defendant Sheriff, collaborated to intentionally withhold even the most basic information from Plaintiff about the identity of the deputy who assaulted her, to wit Defendant Banuelos, to obstruct her pursuit of justice, so as to minimize the risk to Defendant County and Defendant Sheriff of embarrassment, humiliation and adverse damages judgments. Plaintiff is

- (iii) Plaintiff alleges that Defendant County has a *de facto* policy, custom or practice of condoning, ratifying, failing to discipline, failing to investigate, and of retaining, personnel who conceal and suppress evidence of LASD wrongdoing to avoid public scrutiny and adverse judgments; and
- (iv) The allegations in items (i) through (iii) hereinabove are supported by the facts of the following incidents, *inter alia*:
 - a. [gender violence] LASD Deputy Jose Rigaberto Sanchez raped 24 year-old woman and a 36 year-old woman (2014), LASD Deputy Giancarlo Scotti raped six women (2017), LASD Detective Neil Kimball raped 15 year-old girl (2018), LASD Deputy Sean Essex raped girl under 14 years old (2022);
 - b. [gender discrimination] LASD Deputy Carl Mandoyan is abusive, threatening and tries to break in the house of female trainee with whom he becomes intimate tells her "this is what happens to fucking disrespectful fucking bitches" is rehired (with backpay) by Defendant Sheriff after being terminated by his predecessor. Defendant Sheriff accuses victim (also an LASD deputy) of " ... [A] prior history of making outrageous allegations not supported by facts. Kind of a—what's that, the lacrosse players that were accused ..." "Kind of like that. She needs help." (2018)
 - c. [evidence suppression and cover-up] Former LASD Chief Lajuana Haselrig, a 34-year LASD veteran, filed a whistleblower lawsuit one week after LASD Deputy Robin Limon also filed a whistleblower lawsuit in response to Defendant Sheriff's alleged attempted cover-up and suppression of a video wherein LASD Deputy Douglas Johnson kneels on the head of inmate Enzo Escalante (2022). Further, Sheriff tolerates, condones and denies the existence of deputy gangs within

his department which commit unlawful acts and discriminate against 2 and oppress women. (ongoing) 3 4 60. Defendant County's and Defendant Sheriff's policies, practices or customs 5 encourage, support and ratify conduct such as that, and that, of Defendant Banuelos in this case. 6 7 Defendant County's policies, practices or customs caused and were the moving 61. force and/or affirmative link behind some or all of the violations of Plaintiff's 8 constitutional rights at issue in this case. 9 10 62. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereupon alleges that these policies, 11 practices, customs, and procedures are intentional and/or the result of deliberate 12 indifference on the part of Defendant County, by and through its decision 13 makers, including Defendant Sheriff. 14 63. The foregoing unconstitutional customs and practices were a direct and legal 15 cause of harm to Plaintiff. 16 Plaintiff specifically alleges that Defendant County's policies, customs, and/or 64. 17 practices, as described herein, were within the control of Defendant County and 18 within the feasibility of Defendant County, to alter, adjust, and/or correct so as 19 to prevent some or all of the unlawful acts and injury complained of herein by 20 Plaintiff. 21 22 FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF 23 **VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS (42 U.S.C. § 1983)** Failure to Train, Supervise, Discipline, or Correct (Larez & City of Canton) 24 25 By Plaintiff Against Defendants County and Sheriff 26 65. Plaintiff incorporates all paragraphs of this Complaint, as though fully set forth 27 28 herein.

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- 66. This cause of action arises under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, wherein Plaintiff seeks to redress a deprivation under color of law of a right, privilege, or immunity secured by the United States Constitution.
- 67. Defendant County and Defendant Sheriff, and each of them, violated Plaintiff's constitutional rights, as alleged in this Complaint, by creating and maintaining the following unconstitutional customs and practices, *inter alia*:
 - (i) Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereupon alleges that Defendant County and Defendant Sheriff, and each of them, have ample reason to know, based upon arrest reports, complaints, claims for damages, *inter alia*, that County officers and/or employees regularly engage in the misdeeds set forth in this entire complaint;
 - (ii) Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereupon alleges that Defendant County and Defendant Sheriff, and each of them, have failed to properly train, supervise, and/or discipline employees, officers, managers, and supervisors within the Los Angeles County Sherriff's Department ("LASD") as to the legal requirements and protections for persons as set forth in the United States and California Constitutions, and other laws;
 - (iii) Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereupon alleges that Defendant County and Defendant Sheriff, and each of them, have failed to properly train, supervise, and/or discipline employees, officers, managers, and supervisors within the LASD as to avoidance and prevention of gender discrimination and gender violence;
 - (iv) Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereupon alleges that Defendant County and Defendant Sheriff, and each of them, have failed to properly train, supervise, and/or discipline employees, officers, managers, and supervisors within the LASD as to avoidance and prevention of sexual harassment;
 - (v) Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereupon alleges that Defendant County has failed to properly train, supervise, and/or discipline employees,

officers, managers, and supervisors within the LASD as to the lawful

2 requirements regarding disclosure and release of information about officer 3 and/or employee misconduct to victims and the public; and 4 Plaintiff alleges that these failures amount to a *de facto* policy and are (vi) 5 intentional and/or the result of deliberate indifference on the part of Defendant County and Defendant Sheriff, and each of them. These include, but are not 6 7 limited to, all supervisors and their subordinates, as necessary to further these improper policies, practices, customs, and procedures. 8 9 68. The foregoing unconstitutional customs and practices were a direct and legal cause of harm to Plaintiff. 10 11 69. Some or all Doe defendants acted in a supervisory capacity with respect to the incidents involving Plaintiff. In that capacity, those persons acted intentionally, 12 13 maliciously, in conscious disregard, and/or with deliberate indifference to the 14 rights of Plaintiff. 15 70. These supervisory failures directly caused and contributed to Plaintiff's 16 damages. 17 71. Plaintiff specifically alleges that Defendants' policies, customs, and practices, 18 as described *supra*, were within each of their control, and within the feasibility 19 of each of them, to alter, adjust, and/or correct so as to prevent some or all of 20 the unlawful acts and injury complained of herein by Plaintiff. 21 22 **SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF** 23 BANE ACT (Cal. Civ. Code §52.1) 24 By Plaintiff Against All Defendants 25 26 72. Plaintiff incorporates all paragraphs in this Complaint, as though fully set forth 27 herein. 28 73. All defendants, and each of them, by doing and/or causing the acts complained

- of in this entire Complaint, violated Plaintiff's civil rights per California Civil Code Sections 52.1 and 52(b) by doing the acts described herein above. Each act and/or violation of rights done by each Defendant and/or deputy to Plaintiff was done by way of threats, intimidation and/or coercion beyond that inherent in each act and/or violation of rights itself because, *inter alia*, each act was additionally a violation of personal rights under Cal. Civ. Code §43. There were also multiple coercive acts.
- 74. Entity and/or agency defendants are liable to plaintiff for the acts of their public employees, the individual defendants herein, for conduct and/or omissions herein alleged, pursuant to the doctrine of *Respondeat Superior*, codified at California Government Code § 815.2.
- 75. Defendants, and each of them, for the respective acts and violations pleaded herein above, are liable to Plaintiff for damages, and penalties and attorneys' fees as provided in California Civil Code §52(b), including but not limited to an amount no less than \$25,000 to Plaintiff, per each Defendant, per each violation of right, in addition to all other remedies supported by or provided for by law.
- 76. Defendants, and each of them, for the respective acts and violations pleaded herein above, are liable to Plaintiff for attorneys' fees as provided in California Civil Code § 52(b)(3).
- 77. Defendants, and each of them, for the respective acts and violations pleaded herein above, are liable to Plaintiff for damages, penalties and attorneys' fees as provided in California Civil Code § 52.1(b).
- 78. Plaintiff specifically alleges that Defendants' complained of acts and/or omissions, were within each of their control, and within the feasibility of each of them, to alter, adjust, and/or correct so as to prevent some or all of the unlawful acts and injury complained of herein by Plaintiff.

SEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF 1 2 **GENDER VIOLENCE (Cal. Civ. Code §52.4)** By Plaintiff Against Defendant Banuelos 3 4 5 79. Plaintiff incorporates all paragraphs in this Complaint, as though fully set forth herein. 6 7 80. Defendant Banuelos, by doing and/or causing the acts complained of in this 8 entire Complaint, committed upon Plaintiff a physical intrusion or physical invasion of a sexual nature under coercive conditions, and is liable for the tort 10 of gender violence as defined by Cal. Civ. Code §52.4. 11 81. Entity and/or agency defendants are liable to plaintiff for the acts of their public 12 employees, the individual defendants herein, for conduct and/or omissions 13 herein alleged, pursuant to the doctrine of Respondeat Superior, codified at 14 California Government Code § 815.2. 15 Plaintiff specifically alleges that Defendants' complained of acts and/or 82. 16 omissions, were within each of their control, and within the feasibility of each 17 of them, to alter, adjust, and/or correct so as to prevent some or all of the 18 unlawful acts and injury complained of herein by Plaintiff. 19 20 EIGHTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF 21 **SEXUAL BATTERY (Cal. Civ. Code §1708.5)** 22 By Plaintiff Against Defendant Banuelos 23 83. Plaintiff incorporates all paragraphs in this Complaint, as though fully set forth 24 herein. 25 84. Defendant Banuelos, by doing and/or causing the acts complained of in this 26 entire Complaint, is liable for committing the tort of sexual battery as defined 27 by Cal. Civ. Code §1708.5. 28

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- 87. Plaintiff incorporates all paragraphs in this Complaint, as though fully set forth herein.
- 88. Defendant Banuelos, by doing and/or causing the acts complained of in this entire Complaint, is liable for committing the tort of assault.
- 89. Entity and/or agency defendants are liable to plaintiff for the acts of their public employees, the individual defendants herein, for conduct and/or omissions herein alleged, pursuant to the doctrine of *Respondeat Superior*, codified at California Government Code § 815.2.
- 90. Plaintiff specifically alleges that Defendants' complained of acts and/or omissions, were within each of their control, and within the feasibility of each of them, to alter, adjust, and/or correct so as to prevent some or all of the unlawful acts and injury complained of herein by Plaintiff.

TENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

1 **BATTERY** 2 By Plaintiff Against Defendant Banuelos 3 4 91. Plaintiff incorporates all paragraphs in this Complaint, as though fully set forth 5 herein. Defendant Banuelos, by doing and/or causing the acts complained of in this 6 92. 7 entire Complaint, is liable for committing the tort of battery. 8 93. Entity and/or agency defendants are liable to plaintiff for the acts of their public employees, the individual defendants herein, for conduct and/or omissions 10 herein alleged, pursuant to the doctrine of Respondeat Superior, codified at 11 California Government Code § 815.2. 12 94. Plaintiff specifically alleges that Defendants' complained of acts and/or 13 omissions, were within each of their control, and within the feasibility of each 14 of them, to alter, adjust, and/or correct so as to prevent some or all of the 15 unlawful acts and injury complained of herein by Plaintiff. 16 17 **ELEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF** 18 VICTIM'S RIGHTS VIOLATION 19 (Cal Pen Code §679.02 – tort-in-essence) 20 By Plaintiff Against Defendants County, Sheriff and Defendant Banuelos 21 22 95. Plaintiff incorporates all paragraphs in this Complaint, as though fully set forth 23 herein. 24 96. Defendant Banuelos, Defendant Sheriff and Defendant County by doing and/or 25 causing the acts complained of in this entire Complaint, and each of them, are 26 liable for violating Plaintiff's rights as a victim under California law, as set forth 27 in Cal Pen Code §679.02. 28

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- 97. All of the rights set forth in Cal Pen Code §679.02, including but not limited to Section (a)(8), require that the victim (Plaintiff in this case) be provided with information necessarily inclusive of the identity of the assailant in order to be meaningful.
- 98. Tort in essence claims are authorized by *Stop Youth Addiction v. Lucky Stores* (1998) 17 Cal.4th 553, 572.
- 99. Plaintiff falls within the class of persons intended to be protected from harm, and suffered the harm specified, by Cal Pen Code §679.02.
- 100. Defendants' actions as complained of throughout this Complaint have caused harm sought to be prevented by Cal Pen Code §679.02, *inter alia*, the withholding of information about the incident and assailant from the victim.
- 101. Defendant County is liable to Plaintiff for the acts of its public employees, the individual Defendants herein, for conduct and/or omissions herein alleged, pursuant to the doctrine of Respondent Superior, codified at California Government Code § 815.2.
- 102. Plaintiff specifically alleges that Defendants' complained of acts and/or omissions, were within each of their control, and within the feasibility of each of them, to alter, adjust, and/or correct so as to prevent some or all of the unlawful acts and injury complained of herein by Plaintiff.

TWELFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

SEXUAL ASSAULT VICTIM'S DNA RIGHTS VIOLATION

(Cal Pen Code §680 – tort-in-essence)

By Plaintiff Against Defendants County, Sheriff and Defendant Banuelos

103. Plaintiff incorporates all paragraphs in this Complaint, as though fully set forth herein.

- 104. Defendant Banuelos, Defendant Sheriff and Defendant County by doing and/or causing the acts complained of in this entire Complaint, and each of them, are liable for violating Plaintiff's rights as a victim under California law, as set forth in Cal Pen Code §680.
- 105. Rights set forth in Cal Pen Code §680, including but not limited to Section (c)(2), require that the victim (Plaintiff in this case) be provided with information necessarily inclusive of the identity of the assailant in order to be meaningful.
- 106. Tort in essence claims are authorized by *Stop Youth Addiction v. Lucky Stores* (1998) 17 Cal.4th 553, 572.
- 107. Plaintiff falls within the class of persons intended to be protected from harm, and suffered the harm specified, by Cal Pen Code §680.
- 108. Defendants' actions as complained of throughout this Complaint have caused harm sought to be prevented by Cal Pen Code §680, *inter alia*, the withholding of information about the incident and assailant from the victim.
- 109. Defendant County is liable to Plaintiff for the acts of its public employees, the individual Defendants herein, for conduct and/or omissions herein alleged, pursuant to the doctrine of Respondent Superior, codified at California Government Code § 815.2.
- 110. Plaintiff specifically alleges that Defendants' complained of acts and/or omissions, were within each of their control, and within the feasibility of each of them, to alter, adjust, and/or correct so as to prevent some or all of the unlawful acts and injury complained of herein by Plaintiff.

THIRTEENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF VIOLATION OF PERSONAL RIGHTS (Cal Civ Code §43)

By Plaintiff Against ALL Defendants 1 2 3 111. Plaintiff incorporates all paragraphs in this Complaint, as though fully set forth 4 herein. 5 112. All defendants, by doing and/or causing the acts complained of in this entire 6 Complaint, and each of them, are liable for violating Plaintiff's rights under 7 California law, as set forth in Cal Civ Code §43. 8 113. Entity and/or Corporate defendants are liable to Plaintiff for the acts of their employees, the individual Defendants herein, for conduct and/or omissions 10 herein alleged, pursuant to the doctrine of Respondeat Superior, codified at 11 California Government Code § 815.2, elsewhere and as asset forth by precedent. 12 Plaintiff specifically alleges that Defendant's complained of acts and/or 114. 13 omissions, were within each of their control, and within the feasibility of each 14 of them, to alter, adjust, and/or correct so as to prevent some or all of the 15 unlawful acts and injury complained of herein by Plaintiff. 16 17 **FOURTEENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF** 18 **NEGLIGENCE** 19 Cal Civ Code §§ 1714, 3333 20 By Plaintiff Against All Defendants 21 22 Plaintiff incorporates all paragraphs in this Complaint, as though fully set forth 23 herein. 24 116. This claim is brought pursuant to California state law, including but not limited 25 to, Cal Civ Code §§ 1714, 3333. 26 117. Defendants, and each of them, generally owed Plaintiff a duty of reasonable care 27 to avoid exposing her to reasonably foreseeable risks of harm or injury by acting 28

- 1 reasonably under the circumstances complained of in this Complaint. 2 As to Defendant Casino, "[H]otel proprietors have a special relationship with 3 their guests that gives rise to a duty similar to that owed by common carriers 'to 4 protect them against unreasonable risk of physical harm." Peterson v. Superior 5 Court, 10 Cal. 4th 1185, 1206 (1995). 119. All Defendants, and each of them, breached their duty of reasonable care, as 6 7 complained of in this Complaint, by failing to act reasonably under the circumstances and exposing Plaintiff to reasonably foreseeable risks of harm or 8 9 injury. 10 120. As a direct, legal and proximate result of the aforementioned conduct, Plaintiff suffered extreme physical, emotional and psychological pain and injury, as well 11 12 continues to suffer extreme emotional and psychological pain and injury. Entity and/or Corporate defendants are liable to Plaintiff for the acts of their 13 121. 14 employees, the individual Defendants herein, for conduct and/or omissions 15 herein alleged, pursuant to the doctrine of Respondeat Superior, codified at 16 California Government Code § 815.2, elsewhere and as asset forth by precedent.
 - 122. Plaintiff specifically alleges that Defendant's complained of acts and/or omissions, were within each of their control, and within the feasibility of each of them, to alter, adjust, and/or correct so as to prevent some or all of the unlawful acts and injury complained of herein by Plaintiff.

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FIFTEENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF CIVIL CONSPIRACY

By Plaintiff Against ALL Defendants

- 123. Plaintiff incorporates all paragraphs in this Complaint, as though fully set forth herein.
- 124. All defendants, by collaborating and agreeing to do and/or cause the acts complained of in this entire Complaint, and each of them, caused Plaintiff harm

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"As long as two or more persons agree to perform a wrongful act, the law places civil liability for the resulting damage on all of them, regardless of whether they actually commit the tort themselves." Wyatt v. Union Mortgage Co., 24 Cal.3d 773, 784 (1979).

126. Plaintiff specifically alleges that Defendant's complained of acts and/or omissions, were within each of their control, and within the feasibility of each of them, to alter, adjust, and/or correct so as to prevent some or all of the unlawful acts and injury complained of herein by Plaintiff.

DAMAGES

Each of the aforementioned acts by each Defendant directly, legally and 127. proximately caused Plaintiff the following, inter alia: violation of civil rights, violation of personal security, loss of enjoyment of personal security, violation of personal liberty and freedom to physically move about, loss of enjoyment of personal liberty and freedom to physically move about, humiliation, great and extreme emotional pain, anguish and suffering, and physical injury and pain and suffering.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

- WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for the following relief from Defendants, and 128. each of them, for each of the above causes of action:
 - For compensatory damages, including general and special damages, according to proof;
 - For punitive damages pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §1983 and California (ii) Civil Code §§ 3294 and 52.1(b), and any other applicable laws or

1	statut	statutes, in an amount sufficient to deter and make an example of each		
2	non-g	governmental entity Defendant;		
3	(iii)	For statutory damages, according to proof;		
4	(iv)	For prejudgment interest according to proof;		
5	(v)	For reasonable	attorney fees pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §§ 1983, 1988;	
6		California Civi	il Code §§ 52.1, 52(b)(3); California Code of Civil	
7		Procedure § 10	25.1; and any other applicable provisions;	
8	(vi)	For damages, costs and all other relief per Cal. Civ. Code		
9		§1708.5		
10	(vii)	For costs of su	it; and	
11	(viii)	For such further	er relief which is just and proper.	
12	D . 1 DECEMB	ED 10 2022		
13	Dated: DECEMB	ER 19, 2022.	Respectfully submitted, ORANGE LAW OFFICES	
14			HADSELL STORMER & RENICK LLP	
15			/s/ - Olu K. Orange	
16			<u> </u>	
17			By: Olu K. Orange, Esq. Attorneys for Plaintiff	
18			Attorneys for Plaintiff	
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1	JURY DEMAND	
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3	Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury in this action.	
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5	Dated: DECEMBER 19, 2022. Respectfully submitted,	
6	ORANGE LAW OFFICES	
7	HADSELL STORMER & RENICK LLP	
8	/s/ - Olu K. Orange	
9	By:	
10	By: Olu K. Orange, Esq. Attorneys for Plaintiff	
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